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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

. EMORANDUM

OFFICE OF
PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MAR 5 1982

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JATE:

SUBJECT:

Taratogenicity of FMC 5462 in Rabbits. (Acc No. 246792, Reg.

G. Ghah

in. 279-2306, Caswell No. 420)

FROM:

Caprige Z. Ghali, Ph.D.

Review Section IV

Toxicology Branch, HED (TS-769)

T0:

Gaonge La Rocca

Product Manager No. 15

manistration Division (TS-767-C)

· THRU:

Christine F. Chaisson, Section Head Colours Review Section IV
Toxicology Branch, HED (TS-769)

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Degistrant:

FMC Conconation

·Adricultural Chemical Group Philadelphia, Pa. 19103

Action Requested:

Review and evaluation of a rabbit teratology study on FMC 5462 (Endosulfan).

Conclusion and Recommendations:

- The test chemical is not teratogenic under the experimental conditions. 1.
- Maternal toxicity was evident at 1.8 mg/kg/day (HTD) as manifested 2. by the labored breathing and tonic convulsions of pregnant animals in this group. The NOEL for maternal toxicity is considered to be 0.7 mg/kg/day.
- The study is adequate and conforms to standard testing procedures as outlined in the proposed Guideline (1978) except for the fact that no positive control group was included and food and water consumptions were not reported.
- This study is classified as Core-minimum.

Review

Testing Laboratory:

Raltech Scientific Services, Madison, Wisconsin. Report No. A-79-370, dated July 27, 1981.

Test Animal:

Young adult New Zealand white rabbits, obtained from Hoppers Unlimited, Verona, Wisconsin and acclimated for 4 weeks.

Procedure:

pregnant rabbits were given the test chemical at the rate of 0.3, 0.7 or 1.8 mg/0.5 ml corn oil/kg maternal body weight/day by oral gavage on days 6-28 of gestation. The control group received corn oil only. Each treatment group consisted of 20 mated rabbits. When mortality was observed at the highest dose level, six more mated rabbits were added to this group. Maternal weights were recorded at day 0 (first day of treatment and at 6-day intervals thereafter and at the time of sacrifice. Animals were observed twice daily throughout the test period for any toxic signs, abnormalities in activity and appearance, morbidity and mortality. On day 29 of gestation, the dams in each group were sacrificed by euthanatization with carbon dioxide, and the entire reproductive tract was removed including both ovaries. Ovaries were examined for abnormalities and the number of corpora lutea was recorded. Uterus was examined, weighed and fetuses were removed

The number of live and dead fetuses, early and late resorptions, implantation sites were recorded.

All viable fetuses were sexed, measured, weighed, grossly examined, and examined for visceral abnormalities. Freehand sections were made of the heads of one half of the fetuses to permit gross examination of the eyes palate, nasal septum and brain. All fetuses were prepared for skeletal examination and evaluated for bone alignment, degree of ossification, and abnormalities.

Results:

A. Maternal Observations:

Four animals in the 1.8 mg/kg group died on gestation days 7, 10, 21 and 29. The first three are thought to be due to improper oral gavage. The probable cause of death for the last one was not established, but gross and histopatological examinations revealed a pale appearance of the liver and kidneys in addition to vacuolization of the hepatocyes. Two animals in the control and one in the middle dose level showed nasal congestion. In the highest dose level, four animals showed a noisy and rapid breathing, hyperactivity and convulsions.

There were no statistically significant difference in group mean body weights between the treated and control groups throughout the duration of the experiment.

Ascites was observed in approximately equal proportions in all groups.

At necropsy, the number of pregnant animals were 18, 17, 19, and 24 in the control, low, middle and high dose respectively. All pregnant females had viable litters, with the exception of the animal in the high dose level which died on test and had nine late resorptions.

There were no statistically significant differences in the mean number of corpora lutea, implantation efficiency, litter size, sex ratio, mean fetal length and weight, or in the number and percent of live and resorbed fetuses. Furthermore, there were no dead fetuses in the treatment groups. Three of the four animals which died on test had normally developing implants at necropsy.

B. Fetal Data:

No gross external abnormalities were observed in any of the fetuses in any treatment group except for two fetuses from one litter in the middle dose group had a kinked tail.

Two fetuses from separate litters in the control group had cleft palate and hemmorhagic vitreous humor.

One fetus from the control group and six fetuses from two litter in the high dose group had the left carotid artery arising from innominate. .

Four fecuses from one litter in the middle dose group had enlarged auricles, another fetus with an accessory left subclavian artery.

The authors stated that common skeletal variation and minor skeletal anomalies were present in all groups and included: bent scapular spine, unossified, misaligned, and fused sternebrae, rudimentary ribs, extra ribs, fused ribs, interrupted ossification of a rib, 27 presacral vertebrae, fused caudal vertebrae, and unossified tail. Examination of the data indicated that these variations and other minor anomalies occurred throughout all groups in a non-treatment related pattern. Other than that, no major skeletal malformations were observed in any group.

Toxicology Branch/HED Review

To: G. La Rocca, PM #15
Registration No(s):
Pesticide Petition $No(s)$: $7E/940$
Caswell No(s).: (420
Chemical(s): Endosulfan
RAC(s) - tolerance(s): See attached list.
Inert(s) cleared 180.1001:
% of ADI occupied: Existing: 140.10 Resulting: 140.11
Resulting % increase in TMRC:
Attached (?): ADI printout: (ES/NO; TOX "one-liner": YES/NO; DER: YES/NO
Existing regulatory actions against registration:
RPAR status: No
New Data: No new toxicological data submitted.
Data considered in setting the ADI: Chronic feeding study in dogs
showing NOEL of 0.75 mg/kg.
Data gaps: See attached memo from beorge Glali to Hort
Jameson (3-23-82).
Recommendation: Reject request for tolerance of O.1 ppm on
rospherries.
Comments: This rejection is not based on incremental pisk assessment. Rather, the regrest is rejected due to the existing intake estimate of 140% API and to the numerous significant Lata gaps.
Rather, the request is rejected due to the existing intake estimate
of 140% ADI and to the numerous significant Lata gaps.
Reviewer: 10-8-92 NOV 12 1982
Section Head: C.J. Chaisson Afrage 11/1/82

File last updated 10/8/82

ACCEPTABLE DAILY INTAKE DATA

pog	NULL	S.F.	ADI	.iPl
mg/kg	nag		.ng/kg/day	mg/day/60kg
J. 750	30.00	100		0.4500

Published Tolerances

ζ	CROP	Tolerance	Food Factor	mg/day/1.5kg
	Apples(2) 2.00u	2.53	J.07590
	Apricots(3	·•	0.11	U.00337
	Articnokes(4	•	0.03	0.00090
	Beans(' 9	•	2.04	0.06120
	eroccoli(19	*	0.10	0.00307
\mathbf{C}	Brussel Sprouts (20	•	0.03	0.:0090
	Cappage, sauerkraut (22	•	0.74	0.02207
	Cauliflower (27		0.07	0.00215
	Celery(28		0.29	0.0858
	Cherries (30		0.10	0.00307
	Collargs (37	•	0.08	0.00245
C	Cucumpers, inc pickl (40		0.73	0.02177
~~	Eggplant(53		0.03	0.00090
	Grapes, inc raisins (60	•	0.49	0.61472
\circ	Kale (75	•	0.03	0.00090
	Lettuce(ô4		1.31	0.03924
	Melons (92		2.00	.06005
C	Austard Greens(99		0.06	0.00164
	nectarines (100		0.03	0.00104
	reacnes(114		0.90	0.02698
0	reaches(114		0.26	0.00766
\sim	Peas(117	*	0.69	0.02085
		•	0.12	0.02363
C	Peppers(120		0.30	0.00363
Con.	Pineapple(123 Plums,inc prunes(125			
	Pumpkin, inc squasn (131		0.13 0.11	0.00399
(:				0.00337
6 .	Spinach(150		0.05	0.00153
	Strawberries (152	7	0.18	0.00552
(Summer Squasn (155		0.03	0.00090
C	Sunflower (156	•	0.03	0.00090
•	Tomatoès (163	•	2.87	0.08624
€	Turnip Greens(166		0.03	0.00090
	water Cress(168		0.03	0.00090
	Wintersquasn (17]		0.03	0.00090
~	Cottonseed (oil) (4)	-	0.15	0.00225
•	Milk&Dairy Products (93		28.52	0.00858
	Sugar, cane&beet (154	•	3.64	0.02729
a-	Carrots(24	•	0.48	0.00144
E	Corn, sweet (40		1.43	0.00429
	Sweet Potatoes (15)		0.40	0.00120
<u></u>	Meat, red (90		10.81	0.03244
€	Almonds(0.03	0.0009
	Filberts(5		0.03	0.00009
,	Macadamia nuts(67		0.03	0.00009
	Mustard Seed(185	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.03	0.00009
	Pecans(lla	s) 0.200	0.03	0.00009

	Potatoe 127)	0.200	5.43	0.01628	
آخت و حب	Rape Seed(lob)	0.200	0.03	0.00009	
~ :	Sartlower(1-1)	0.200	0.03	0.00009	
*	Walnuts(167)	0.200	0.03	0.00009	
-	<pre>blueperries(18)</pre>	0.100	0.3	0.00005	
<i>C</i>		0.100	0.03	0. 0005	
C		0.100	ەد. O	0.00054	
	Rye (140)		0.03	0.30005	
وسند	Wneat (170)	0.100	10.36	U.01554	
	Tea(1o2)	0.150	0.07	.00011	
	.iP1		TMRC	% ADI	
\subset	0.4500 mg/day/60kg	0.5080	mg/aay/1.5k	g 135.12	
	********	*****	*****	*****	k
· ·					
i.	Unpublished, Tox Appro	ved 4El4	30		
	CROP	Tolerance	Food Factor	mg/day/l.5kg	
C	CROP Coffee(36)			mg/day/l.5kg 0.02238	
C .	Coffee(,36)		0.75	0.02238	
•	Coffee(36)	2.000	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI	
€ .	Coffee(,36)	2.000	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI	•
•	Coffee(36)	2.000	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI	*
C .	Coffee(30) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg	2.000 0.6304	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI	*
•	Coffee(36)	2.000 0.6304	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI	*
C .	Coffee(36) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg ************************************	2.000 0.6304 *******	0.75 THRC	0.02238 % ADI g 140.10 ******	ik
C .	Coffee(36) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg ************************************	2.000 0.6304 *******	0.75 TMRC mg/day/1.5k	0.02238 % ADI g 140.10 ******	ik
C .	Coffee(.36) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg ************ Current Action 7El CROP Raspperries(135)	2.000 0.6304 ******* .940 Tolerance	0.75 THRC mg/day/1.5k ********* Food Factor 0.03	0.02238 % ADI g 140.10 **********************************	ik
(° . , (° . ,	Coffee(.36) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg ************ Current Action 7El CROP Raspberries(135) MPI	2.000 0.6304 ************************************	0.75 TMRC mg/day/1.5k ******** Food Factor 0.03 TMRC	0.02238 % ADI g 140.10 ***********************************	*
C .	Coffee(.36) MPI 0.4500 mg/day/60kg ************ Current Action 7El CROP Raspperries(135)	2.000 0.6304 ************************************	0.75 TMRC mg/day/1.5k ******** Food Factor 0.03 TMRC	0.02238 % ADI g 140.10 ***********************************	

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